

sollen während des Summer Campus in Göttingen selbst innovative Materialien, Videos, Podcasts und dergleichen produzieren. Diese können für nachfolgende Studierende in das Studienprogramm eingebaut werden.“, berichtet Anne Sennhenn, Projektkoordinatorin (Abteilung Göttingen international) von den zukünftigen Planungen im Rahmen des „liveSciences3“ Projektes.

Das Ziel des vom DAAD geförderten Projektes „liveSciences3“ ist es, den Weg bzw. die Reise der Studierenden durch ihr Studium mit digitalen Serviceangeboten zu erleichtern und gleichzeitig mit international und digital ausgestatteten Lehrangeboten zu bereichern. Damit sollen die wesentlichen Hürden (gelb) der Student International Journey abgebaut bzw. überwunden werden.

Details zu dieser und weiteren Projektveranstaltungen sowie weiteren Angebote für Studierende und Lehrende finden Sie auch auf der Projektwebseite: www.uni-goettingen.de/livesciences3



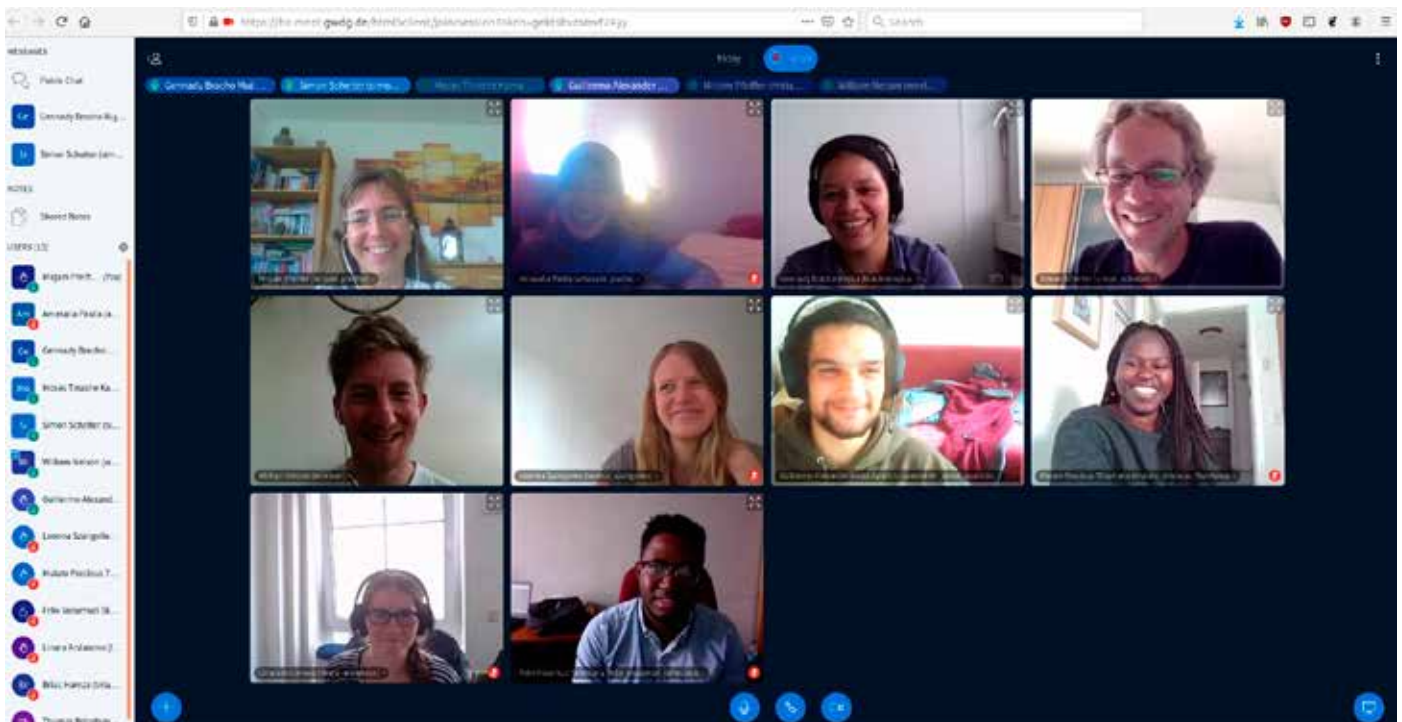
SALLnet workshop “*APSIM advanced and dynamic vegetation modelling*”

(wne) From the 24th to the 28th of August 2020, the South African Limpopo Landscapes Network (SALLnet) hosted a workshop entitled APSIM advanced and dynamic vegetation modelling. This was coordinated and run by scientists from the TROPAGS working group, Georg-August-Universität Göttingen (TROPAGS), and the Senckenberg Biodiversity and Climate Research Centre (SBiK-F), Frankfurt. Twelve participants from almost as many countries, including South Africa, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Guinea, Morocco and Germany to name just a few took part in the workshop that was originally designed to have all participants physically present in Göttingen. However, travel restrictions meant the workshop format

shifted to an online workshop, using a variety of mediums such as video conference seminars, and screencast presentations. The aim of the workshop was to familiarise participants with different modelling approaches that include and represent characteristic features of croplands and savanna rangelands. Although theoretical components laid the foundations of the course, a clear focus was on hands-on, practical sessions that got participants applying the model to their own individually devised landscape use questions. The workshop focussed on a process-based crop simulation model (CSM) for the first two days (APSIM) led by TROPAGS scientists, followed by two days of the savanna and rangeland vegetation

model aDGVM, led by SBiK-F scientists. The final day was comprised of participant presentations that highlighted links between the model frameworks used. The exchange between tutors and participants proved to be a great experience despite the shift in format due to travel restrictions. The tutor-team is already devising a follow-up workshop to compliment this success.

For further information about the South African Limpopo Landscapes Network visit www.uni-goettingen.de/de/592566.html



Twelve participants from almost as many countries took part in the virtual workshop that was originally planned to take place in Goettingen.